Agriculture

"aligning the agricultural community in addressing NPS water quality impacts"

Erosion Control

State	Treatment	Physical/Chemical				Biological					
		Turbidity/ TSS	Р	N	Other	Bacteria	Invertebrates	Fish	Habitat	Temperature	Notes
IL	WASCOBs, sediment retention basins	→									
МІ	No-till, streambank stabilization	+	→	\							
MN	Cons. tillage, crop rotations, cropland erosion control, grazing mgt., buffers										1
NE	Cropland erosion control, cons. tillage, filter strips, streambank stabilization	\$					\$	\$		⇔	
SD	Rangeland, grazing, and riparian management	→			Riparian Vegetation						2
	Range of % change	25 – 60 %	57%								3

Notes: ↓ ↑ ⇔

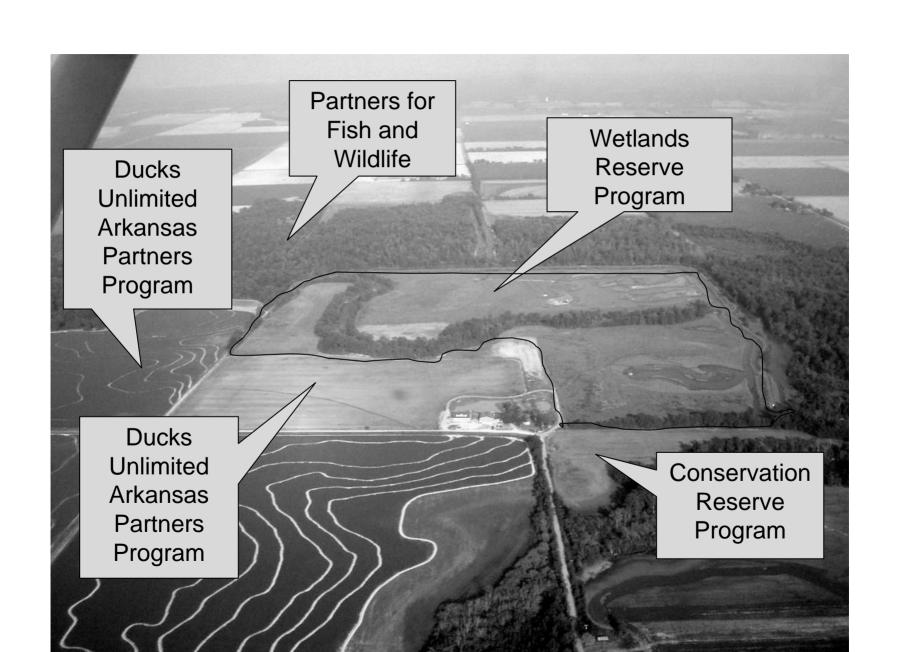
^{1.} No results available as full land treatment implementation has not yet occurred.

^{2.} TSS reductions documented by other monitoring (TMDL, USGS); NMP data not yet conclusive

^{3.} Percent change values are for very general examples only; percent reductions are only valid in the proper context

Treat the Right Problems with the Right Solutions in the Right Places

National NPS Monitoring Program



What did we find out

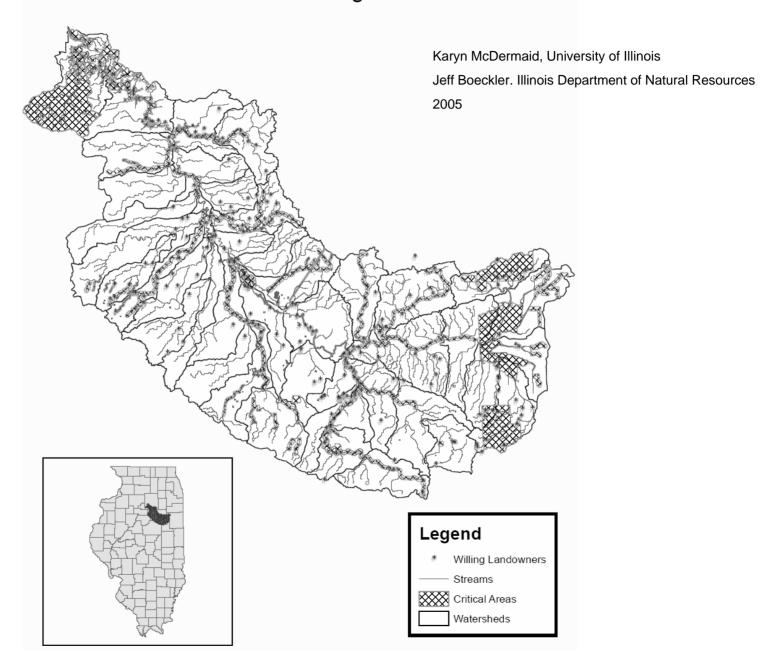
- Critical areas
- Delivery System (who, what)
- On-site assistance

Session Organization

- 2 speakers (Nowak and Stoodley)
- After each speaker -clarification questions only
- Brad Lamb is leading a moderated discussion on incorporating these ideas into section 319 projects (next 2 slides)

Vermilion Watershed Taskforce Landowner Willingness





Delivery System administrative goals driving environmental protection

- Critical areas not being addressed not going out to the critical area
- Partial treatment of problems –scope and BMPS
- Not all problems being addressed
- Landowner capacity not developed

Conflicts

